Material Safety Data Sheet



SeaLion Repulse Comp A

Product and company identification 1.

: SeaLion Repulse Comp A **Trade name**

Code 13080

Material uses Coatings: Solvent-borne. Antifouling.

Manufacturer : Jotun Paints, Inc.

9203 Highway 23 Belle Chasse, LA 70037 Telephone: (800) 229-3538 or

(504) 394-3538 SDSJotun@jotun.com

: 1-800-424-9300 In case of emergency

Hazards identification

Physical state

: Liquid.

OSHA/HCS status

Odor

Characteristic.

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

WARNING!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON

ANIMAL DATA.

Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

May cause eye irritation. Eyes Skin May cause skin irritation.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health

effects

EARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [1-methoxy-2-propanol]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [xylene]. Classified A3 (Proven for

animals.) by ACGIH, 2B (Possible for humans.) by IARC [ethylbenzene].

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	CAS number	% by weight
1-methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	10 - 25
xylene	1330-20-7	2.5 - 10
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	2.5 - 10
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 2.5

Components not listed are not physical or health hazards as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard).

First aid measures

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of Eye contact water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get

medical attention immediately.

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes Skin contact while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if Inhalation respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

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Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get

medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable.

Products of combustion : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

> carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if Special exposure hazards

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or

explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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6. Accidental release measures

Methods for cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

. Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name

7-methoxy-2-propanol

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States 6/2 13).

STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States 1 /2 13).

STEL: 540 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 360 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1 (United States 3/1).

STEL: 540 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States 6/2 13).

STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.

xylene

titanium dioxide

ethylbenzene

. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States 2/2 13). TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. (United States 3/1 OSHA PEL 1 STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States 2/2 13). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (United States 3/1 OSHA PEL 1 TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States 6/2 13). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. **OSHA PEL 1** (United States 3/1). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States 1 /2 13). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States 2/2 13).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States 6/2 13). Notes:

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form:

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard (NIOSH-approved P95) if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

: Liquid.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 27°C (80,6°F)

Color

Various

Odor

: Characteristic.

Relative density

: 1 g/cm³ 8.34 pounds/gallon

VOC

: 1.97 pounds/gallon (US) 23,7 % (w/w)

Solubility

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

: The product is stable.

Hazardous decomposition

. Under neveral senditi

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not

occur.

11. Toxicological information

Chronic effects on humans

: **©ARCINOGENIC EFFECTS**: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [1-methoxy-2-propanol]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [xylene]. Classified A3 (Proven for animals.) by ACGIH, 2B (Possible for humans.) by IARC [ethylbenzene].

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Other toxic effects on humans

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia.

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects

: Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenic effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproduction toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic effects

: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

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12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	<u>Species</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Result</u>
xylene	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour(s)	3.3 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour(s)	8.2 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour(s)	8.6 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour(s)	12 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour(s)	13.3 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour(s)	13.4 mg/l
titanium dioxide	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour(s)	>1000 mg/l
ethylbenzene	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour(s)	2.93 mg/l
	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour(s)	2.97 mg/l
	Selenastrum capricornutum	48 hour(s)	7.2 mg/l
	(EC50)	96 hour(s)	4.2 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour(s)	9.09 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour(s)	9.6 mg/l
	Poecilia reticulata (LC50)		

Environmental precautions

Products of degradation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) and water. Some metallic oxides.

13. Disposal considerations

aste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section : E POSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	PG	Label	Additional information	

14. Transport information

DOT Classification	1263	Paint RQ (xylene)	3	III	PLANMANE USUD	Reportable quantity 1293 lbs / 587,01 kg [155,07 gal / 587,01 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	1263	Paint	3	III		-
ADR/RID Class	1263	Paint	3	III		Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG Class	1263	Paint	3	III		Emergency schedules (EmS): F-E, <u>S-E</u> Marine pollutant: No.
IATA-DGR Class	1263	Paint	3	III		-

PG*: Packing group

ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity). IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 30 litre capacity).

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Flammable liquid

Carcinogen

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA (a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA b): Not determined.

SARA 3 2/3 4: No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean ater Act (C A) 3 7: ethylbenzene

Clean ater Act (C A) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

SARA 313

	<u>Product name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
Form R - Reporting	: xylene	1330-20-7	2.5 - 10
requirements	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 2.5
Supplier notification	: xylene	1330-20-7	2.5 - 10
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 2.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

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15. Regulatory information

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.

Florida substances: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed

Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed. **Louisiana Spill**: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide;

PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER; XYLENE; ethylbenzene **Michigan Critical Material**: None of the components are listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New ersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide; PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER; 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL; XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; ethylbenzene

New ersey Spill: None of the components are listed.

New ersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.

New ork Acutely Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed:

Xylene (mixed): Ethylbenzene

New ork Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania RT Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide; 2-PROPANOL, 1-METHOXY-; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; ethylbenzene Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

ARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	

EU regulations

Risk phrases : R10- Flammable.

16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health 0
Flammability 0
Physical hazards 0
PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health 0 0 Instability
Special

Date of issue : 1 . 4.2 14.

Version : 1. 1

Notice to reader

16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge the information contained herein is accurate. However neither the above-named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.